



CYBERWELLNESS PROFILE IRAN



BACKGROUND

Total Population: 75 612 000

(data source: [United Nations Statistics Division](#), December 2012)

Internet users, percentage of population: 31.40%

(data source: [ITU Statistics](#), December 2013)

1. CYBERSECURITY

1.1 LEGAL MEASURES

1.1.1 CRIMINAL LEGISLATION

Specific legislation on cybercrime has been enacted through the following instrument:

- [Computer Crimes Law](#).

1.1.2 REGULATION AND COMPLIANCE

Specific legislation and regulation related to cybersecurity has been enacted through the following instrument:

- [Electronic Commerce Law of Islamic Republic of Iran](#).

1.2 TECHNICAL MEASURES

1.2.1 CIRT

Iran has an officially recognized national CIRT known as [CERTCC MAHER](#).

1.2.2 STANDARDS

Iran does not have any officially approved national or sector specific cybersecurity framework for implementing internationally recognized cybersecurity standards.

1.2.3 CERTIFICATION

Iran does not have any cybersecurity framework for the certification and accreditation of national agencies and public sector professionals.

1.3 ORGANIZATION MEASURES

1.3.1 POLICY

Iran has a comprehensive [cybersecurity strategy](#) that includes the creation of what it calls a “national information network” that could disconnect most of Iran from the global internet.

1.3.2 ROADMAP FOR GOVERNANCE

There is no national governance roadmap for cybersecurity in Iran.

1.3.3 RESPONSIBLE AGENCY

There following agencies are responsible for overseeing cybersecurity activities in Iran:

- BASIJ
- IRGC
- Ministry of ICT
- Iran’s Passive Defense Organization
- Information Technology Organization of Iran.

1.3.4 NATIONAL BENCHMARKING

Iran does not have any officially recognized national benchmarking or referential for measuring cybersecurity development.

1.4 CAPACITY BUILDING

1.4.1 STANDARDISATION DEVELOPMENT

There is no information on any program or project for research and development of cybersecurity standards, best practices and guidelines in Iran.

1.4.2 MANPOWER DEVELOPMENT

[ASIS Cyber Security Contest](#) was created to raise cybersecurity awareness in Iran.

1.4.3 PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATION

Iran does not have the exact number of public sector professionals certified under internationally recognized certification programs in cybersecurity.

1.4.4 AGENCY CERTIFICATION

Iran does not have any certified government and public sector agencies certified under internationally recognized standards in cybersecurity.

1.5 COOPERATION

1.5.1 INTRA-STATE COOPERATION

There is no information on any framework for sharing cybersecurity assets across borders with other nation states.

1.5.2 INTRA-AGENCY COOPERATION

Iran does not have an officially recognized national or sector-specific program for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public sector.

1.5.3 PUBLIC SECTOR PARTNERSHIP

There is no officially recognized national or sector-specific program for sharing cybersecurity assets within the public and private sector in Iran.

1.5.4 INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION

Iran is a member of the [ITU-IMPACT](#) initiative and has access to relevant cybersecurity services. Iran is also a member of the [OIC-CERT](#).

2. CHILD ONLINE PROTECTION

2.1 NATIONAL LEGISLATION

No specific legislation on child online protection has been enacted.

2.2 UN CONVENTION AND PROTOCOL

Iran has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 16, 17(e) and 34(c), to the [Convention on the Rights of the Child](#).

Iran has acceded, with no declarations or reservations to articles 2 and 3, to the [Optional Protocol to The Convention on the Rights of the Child on the Sale of Children, Child Prostitution and Child Pornography](#).

2.3 INSTITUTIONAL SUPPORT

The Information Technology and Digital Media Development Center, under the Ministry of Culture and Islamic Guidance (*), is responsible for online safety at the government level. In 2010, the Information Technology and Digital Media Development Center has produced two publications regarding online safety (available in Farsi): one directed at [parents*](#), another directed at [children*](#).

2.4 REPORTING MECHANISM

[CERTCC MAHER](#) displays a space for reporting an incident, but it was not working as of 05th May 2014. The child helpline SPRC Sedaye Yara can be contacted at the number: 88531109. The Helping Voice helpline can also be contacted: +98-21-850 1414 or +98-21-850 1415.

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Last updated on 20th February 2015